DRAKE UNIVERSITY

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, AND SINGLE AUDIT COMPLIANCE REPORTS

YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Trustees Drake University Des Moines, Iowa

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements *Opinion*

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Drake University, which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the related consolidated statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Drake University as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the changes in their net assets and their cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Drake University and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Drake University's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the consolidated financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audits.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of Drake University's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion
 is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Drake University's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinion on the consolidated financial statements as a whole. The financial responsibility ratio supplemental schedule and the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the consolidated financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements or to the consolidated financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the financial responsibility ratio supplemental schedule and the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 16, 2024, on our consideration of Drake University's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Drake University's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Drake University's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Minneapolis, Minnesota October 16, 2024

DRAKE UNIVERSITY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

	2024	2023
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable - Students and Other	\$ 19,752,723	\$ 25,539,998
(Net of Allowance of \$611,000 in 2024 and \$624,000 in 2023)	5,299,507	4,366,767
U.S. Government Receivables	2,202,833	1,612,344
Prepaid Expenses and Inventories	10,185,921	7,837,354
Contributions Receivable, Net U.S. Government Loans Receivable	34,219,511	34,194,812
(Net of Allowance of \$161,000 in 2024 and \$165,000 in 2023)	5,999,072	6,953,584
Investments	292,296,803	253,088,471
Land, Buildings, and Equipment, Net	224,149,306	222,564,425
Right-of-Use Asset, Net	541,203	718,005
Funds Held in Trust by Others	12,841,208	11,334,522
Total Assets	\$ 607,488,087	\$ 568,210,282
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$ 12,030,232	\$ 10,331,530
Student Deposits and Deferred Income	10,490,187	12,122,971
Other Liabilities	1,261,887	1,324,856
Annuities Payable	930,385	878,661
Loans and Bonds Payable	47,285,781	49,762,879
Lease Liabilities	552,965	703,815
Accrued Postretirement Benefit Obligation	9,242,431	10,350,499
U.S. Government Grants Refundable	4,242,237	5,127,415
Total Liabilities	86,036,105	90,602,626
NET ASSETS		
Without Donor Restrictions	229,931,823	221,287,408
With Donor Restrictions:		
Time or Purpose	100,496,819	78,406,847
Perpetual	191,023,340	177,913,401
Total With Donor Restrictions	291,520,159	256,320,248
Total Net Assets	521,451,982	477,607,656
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 607,488,087	\$ 568,210,282

DRAKE UNIVERSITY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	ithout Donor	With I Restri	Donor ctions	Total
OPERATING REVENUES				
Student Tuition and Fees, Net of Scholarships and Fellowships of \$85,166,780	\$ 82,988,510	\$	-	\$ 82,988,510
Government Grants and Contracts	15,585,142		-	15,585,142
Private Grants and Contracts	437,089	-	773,937	1,211,026
Private Gifts	3,245,046		281,440	11,526,486
Endowment Income Used in Operations	4,203,406		336,665	13,540,071
Sales and Services of Auxiliary Enterprises	16,946,294	5,0	-	16,946,294
Other Operating Revenue	13,945,925			13,945,925
Net Assets Released from Restriction	18,574,265	(10)	574,265)	13,943,923
	 155,925,677			 155,743,454
Total Operating Revenues	155,925,677	(182,223)	155,745,454
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Instruction	54,714,401		_	54,714,401
Research	1,345,765		_	1,345,765
Public Service	17,481,055		_	17,481,055
Academic Support	26,570,563			26,570,563
Student Services			-	
	33,888,214		-	33,888,214
Institutional Support	16,581,847		-	16,581,847
Auxiliary Enterprises	 14,011,683			 14,011,683
Total Operating Expenses	 164,593,528			 164,593,528
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS	(8,667,851)	(*	182,223)	(8,850,074)
NONOPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Contributions for Nonoperating Purposes	1,697,014	22,4	446,260	24,143,274
Net Realized and Unrealized Gains (Losses)				
from Investments	10,615,563	29,6	663,859	40,279,422
Allocation of Endowment Income to Operations	(4,203,406)	(9,3	336,665)	(13,540,071)
Change in Value of Split Interest Agreements	-	(2	269,652)	(269,652)
Loss on Disposal of Property and Equipment	(228,313)		-	(228,313)
Other Nonoperating Activities	1,167,746		(13,144)	1,154,602
Net Assets Released from Restrictions	7,108,524		108,524)	-
Other Components of Net Periodic			, ,	
Postretirement Benefit Cost	(243,623)		-	(243,623)
Postretirement Benefit Plan Related Changes,	, , ,			, , ,
Other than Net Periodic Postretirement				
Benefit Cost	1,398,761		_	1,398,761
Change in Net Assets from	 .,000,00			 .,,
Nonoperating Activities	 17,312,266	35,3	382,134	 52,694,400
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	8,644,415	35,	199,911	43,844,326
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	 221,287,408	256,3	320,248	 477,607,656
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$ 229,931,823	\$ 291,5	520,159	\$ 521,451,982

DRAKE UNIVERSITY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Vithout Donor Restrictions	With D		Total
OPERATING REVENUES					
Student Tuition and Fees, Net of Scholarships and Fellowships of \$84,144,553	\$	85,349,486	\$	-	\$ 85,349,486
Government Grants and Contracts		14,994,230		-	14,994,230
Private Grants and Contracts		259,782	4	64,256	724,038
Private Gifts		3,232,668		32,124	12,564,792
Endowment Income Used in Operations		4,216,991		41,161	12,958,152
Sales and Services of Auxiliary Enterprises		18,389,955	-,	, - -	18,389,955
Other Operating Revenue		11,171,488		_	11,171,488
Net Assets Released from Restriction		16,396,599	(16.3	96,599)	-
Total Operating Revenues		154,011,199		40,942	 156,152,141
Total Operating November		10 1,0 1 1,100	۷, ۰	10,012	100,102,111
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Instruction		54,706,168		_	54,706,168
Research		1,335,379		_	1,335,379
Public Service		15,724,889		_	15,724,889
Academic Support		25,898,164		_	25,898,164
Student Services		32,003,459		_	32,003,459
Institutional Support		17,412,594		-	17,412,594
				-	14,819,144
Auxiliary Enterprises		14,819,144	-	<u>-</u>	
Total Operating Expenses		161,899,797		<u>-</u>	 161,899,797
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS		(7,888,598)	2,1	40,942	(5,747,656)
NONOPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Contributions for Nonoperating Purposes		751,377	23.6	83,361	24,434,738
Net Realized and Unrealized Gains (Losses)		701,011	20,0	00,00 .	2 1, 10 1,7 00
from Investments		7,598,977	20.0	46,010	27,644,987
Allocation of Endowment Income to Operations		(4,216,991)		41,161)	(12,958,152)
Change in Value of Split Interest Agreements		(1,210,001)	•	58,113)	(158,113)
Loss on Disposal of Property and Equipment		(99,517)	('	-	(99,517)
Other Nonoperating Activities		1,189,273	(7	67,994)	421,279
Net Assets Released from Restrictions		6,521,849	,	21,849)	721,275
Other Components of Net Periodic		0,521,049	(0,5	21,043)	
Postretirement Benefit Cost		(267,329)			(267,329)
Postretirement Benefit Plan Related Changes,		(207,329)		-	(207,329)
-					
Other than Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost		450.024			450.024
		459,934	-		 459,934
Change in Net Assets from		44 007 570	07.5	40.054	00 477 007
Nonoperating Activities	-	11,937,573	27,5	40,254	 39,477,827
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		4,048,975	29,6	81,196	33,730,171
Net Assets - Beginning of Year		217,238,433	226,6	39,052	443,877,485
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$	221,287,408	\$ 256,3	20,248	\$ 477,607,656

DRAKE UNIVERSITY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

	2024	2023
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Change in Net Assets	\$ 43,844,326	\$ 33,730,171
Adjustments to Reconcile Change in Net Assets To		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:		
Depreciation and Amortization	11,339,474	10,920,617
Net Unrealized Losses (Gains) from Investments	(30,365,257)	(20,948,988)
Net Realized Gains from Investments	(6,921,210)	(4,292,407)
Loss on Disposal of Property and Equipment	228,313	99,517
Change in Value of Split Interest Agreements	269,652	(158,113)
Other Components of Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost	243,623	267,329
Postretirement Benefit Plan Related Changes, Other		
Than Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost	(1,398,761)	(459,934)
Contributions Restricted for Long-Term Investment	(8,735,406)	(6,861,680)
Noncash Contributions of Investments	(9,456,082)	(3,749,491)
Sales of Donated Marketable Securities Converted to	5,051,272	3,654,331
Cash Nearly Immediately		
Change In:		
Student Accounts, Other, and U.S. Government Receivables	(1,523,229)	415,948
Prepaid Expenses and Inventories	(2,348,567)	(4,118,511)
Contributions Receivable	(24,699)	(9,861,122)
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	2,090,353	(396,263)
Student Deposits and Deferred Income	(1,632,784)	(923,081)
Operating Lease Asset and Liability	(56,132)	(9,615)
Other Liabilities	(119,331)	(269,095)
Accrued Postretirement Benefit Obligation	47,070	55,691
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	532,625	(2,904,696)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchases of Investments	(34,575,613)	(31,995,213)
Proceeds from Sales and Maturities of Investments	35,575,157	39,876,083
Purchases of Property and Equipment	(13,338,840)	(17,536,612)
Proceeds from Sales of Property and Equipment	` 58,000 [°]	89,576
Issuance of U.S. Government Loans Receivable	(751,960)	(653,000)
Payments from U.S. Government Loans Receivable	1,706,472	1,564,897
Net Cash Used by Investing Activities	(11,326,784)	(8,654,269)

DRAKE UNIVERSITY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

	2024	2023
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Repayments of Loans Payable	\$ (2,495,000)	\$ (2,645,000)
Change in Annuities Payable	(217,928)	192,007
Payments on Financing Leases Contributions Restricted for Long-Term Investment	(130,416) 8,735,406	(186,435) 6,861,680
Change in U.S. Government Grants Refundable	(885,178)	(1,089,610)
Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities	5,006,884	3,132,642
That Guart Tortugu by Financing / tourning	<u> </u>	0,102,012
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(5,787,275)	(8,426,323)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	25,539,998	33,966,321
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 19,752,723	\$ 25,539,998
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION Cash Paid During the Year for:		
Interest	\$ 1,275,059	\$ 1,326,160
Right-of-Use Asset Obtained in Exchange for		
New Financing Liability	<u>\$ 55,168</u>	\$ 832,589
Right-of-Use Asset Obtained in Exchange for	c	ф 7 0.504
New Operating Liability Amounts Included in Period-End Accounts Payable for	<u> </u>	\$ 78,531
Purchases of Property and Equipment	\$ 2,732,722	\$ 3,147,658
r dionacco of r roporty and Equipment	Ψ 2,102,122	$\varphi = 0, 1 \pm 1,000$

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization and Nature of Operations

Drake University (the University) is a private, Doctorate-Professional university in Des Moines, Iowa.

The University's mission is to provide an exceptional learning environment that prepares students for meaningful personal lives, professional accomplishments, and responsible global citizenship. The Drake University experience is distinguished by collaborative learning among students, faculty, and staff and by the integration of the liberal arts and sciences with professional preparation.

Drake University has been on the approved list of the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools since that association was established in 1913. Since reorganization of the Association in 2000, Drake University is accredited by the Higher Learning Commission (the "Commission") and a member of the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools. In 2018, the University's accredited status was continued by the Commission. The next Reaffirmation of Accreditation is scheduled to be completed in 2027–2028.

Consolidated Financial Statements

Community Holdings, LLC (CH) is a single-member limited liability company with the University being the sole member. CH was created to take advantage of the New Markets Tax Credit Program, a federal financial program aimed at stimulating business and real estate investment in low-income communities via a federal tax credit. In accordance with the provisions of FASB Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 958-810, the financial statements of the University and CH have been consolidated and all inter-organization transactions and accounts have been eliminated.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Net assets, revenue, expenses, and gains and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets of the University and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions – Net assets not subject to donor-imposed restrictions, including those designated by the Board of Trustees as funds functioning as endowment (quasi-endowment), and board-designated net assets.

Net Assets with Donor Restrictions – Net assets that are subject to donor-imposed restrictions expiring with the passage of time, the occurrence of an event, or the fulfillment of certain conditions. When donor restrictions are met or the restrictions expire, net assets with donor restriction are reclassified as net assets without donor restriction and reported in the statements of activities as net assets released from restrictions. Net assets subject to donor-imposed restrictions may also require assets be retained permanently and invested in perpetuity. Restrictions generally permit the use of some or all of the income earned on the invested assets for specific purposes.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The University follows guidance within FASB ASC 205-958, which codified FASB Staff Position No. 117-1, Endowments of Not-for-Profit Organizations: Net Asset Classification of Funds Subject to an Enacted Version of the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act, and Enhanced Disclosures for All Endowment Funds (FSP No. 117-1). This ASC provides guidance on the net asset classification of donor-restricted endowment funds for nonprofit entities subject to the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act of 2006 (UPMIFA). Subsequently, Iowa enacted a version of the Iowa Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (IUPMIFA).

IUPMIFA establishes regulations in regard to the expenditure and consolidated financial statement disclosure of donor-restricted endowment funds. The Board has interpreted IUPMIFA as requiring the preservation of the historic value of the original gift absent explicit donor stipulation stating otherwise. Therefore, the University classifies the following as net assets with donor restrictions in relation to donor-restricted endowment funds: (a) the value of the original gifts to the endowment at the time of the gift, (b) the value of all new gifts to the endowment as of the date of the gift, and (c) reinvestments to the endowment specifically stated in the donor gift instrument at the time added to the fund.

In accordance with IUPMIFA, the University considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- The purpose of the University and of the donor-restricted endowment fund
- The duration and preservation of the fund
- General economic conditions
- The possible effects of inflation and deflation
- The investment policies of the University
- The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments
- Other University resources

Revenues are reported as increases in net assets without donor restrictions unless use of the related assets is limited by donor-imposed restrictions. Expenses are reported as decreases in net assets without donor restrictions. Gains and losses on investments and other assets or liabilities are reported as increases or decreases in net assets without donor restrictions unless their use is restricted by explicit donor stipulation or by law.

Contributions, including unconditional promises to give, are recognized as revenue in the period received. Conditional promises to give are not recognized until the conditions on which they depend are substantially met. Contributions of assets other than cash are recorded at fair value. Contributions received with donor-imposed restrictions that are met within the same year as received are reported as revenues in net assets with donor restrictions. Expirations of restrictions on net assets with donor restrictions (i.e., the donor-stipulated purpose has been fulfilled and/or the stipulated time period has elapsed) are reported as reclassifications between net assets with donor restrictions and net assets without donor restrictions.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Contributions to be received after one year are discounted at a risk-free rate. Amortization of discounts is recorded as additional contribution revenue in accordance with donor-imposed restrictions, if any, on the contributions. An allowance for uncollectible contributions receivable is provided based upon management's judgment, including such factors as prior collection history, type of contribution, and nature of fundraising activity.

Contributions of land, buildings, and equipment without donor stipulations concerning the use of such long-lived assets are reported as revenues in net assets without donor restrictions. Contributions of cash or other assets to be used to acquire land, buildings, and equipment with such donor stipulations are reported as revenues in net assets with donor restrictions; the restrictions are considered to be released at the time of acquisition of such long-lived assets.

Net unrealized and realized gains (losses) on investments and income from investments are reported as follows:

- As increases (decreases) in net assets with donor restrictions if the terms of the gift require that it be added to the principal of a permanent endowment fund.
- As increases (decreases) in net assets with donor restrictions if the terms of the gift impose restrictions on the use of the income.
- As increases (decreases) in net assets without donor restrictions in all other cases.
- Capital gains and dividends are recorded net with other realized gains and losses on the statement of activities in reinvested net gains (losses).

Measure of Operations

The consolidated statements of activities report the change in net assets from operating and nonoperating activities. The University's measure of operations as presented in the consolidated statements of activities includes revenue from tuition (net of certain scholarships and fellowships) and fees, grants and contracts, contributions for operating programs, the allocation of endowment spending for operations and other revenues. Operating expenses are reported in the consolidated statements of activities by functional classification.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Measure of Operations (Continued)

Operating revenues consist of substantially all the activity of the University except for certain items specifically considered to be of a nonoperating nature. Contributions included in nonoperating activities consist of bequests and other gifts without donor restrictions not solicited as part of the annual fundraising campaigns, gifts with donor restrictions for the acquisition of capital assets, and gifts with donor restrictions made to endowment funds. Nonoperating activities also include realized and unrealized gains/losses on investments, endowment income not used in operations, change in net present value of split interest agreements, gains/losses on disposal of property and equipment, change in fair value of interest rate swap agreements, the change in the funded status of the postretirement benefit obligation and significant items of an unusual or nonrecurring nature.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include interest-bearing money market accounts, repurchase agreements, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less at the date of purchase that are available for current operating purposes. The total cash balances are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (F.D.I.C.) up to \$250,000 per bank. The University had cash balances on deposit with banks that exceeded the balance insured by the F.D.I.C. in the amount of approximately \$18,000,000 and \$24,000,000 at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Income Taxes

The University has received a tax determination letter from the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) indicating it is exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (the "Code") as a charitable educational institution. As such, the University is taxed only on any net unrelated business income under Section 511 of the Code.

GAAP requires management to evaluate tax positions taken by the University and recognize a tax liability (or asset) if the University has taken an uncertain position that more likely than not would not be sustained upon examination by the IRS. Management has analyzed the tax positions taken by the University, and has concluded that as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, there are no uncertain positions taken or expected to be taken that would require recognition of a liability (or asset) or disclosure in the consolidated financial statements. The University is subject to routine audits by taxing jurisdictions; however, there are currently no audits for any tax periods in progress. The statute of limitations on the University's U.S. federal tax returns remains open for the years ended June 30, 2021 through the present.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Investments

Investments are recorded at fair value, with gains and losses included in the consolidated statements of activities. Direct investments in real estate are stated at historical cost.

Split Interest Agreements

The University has a number of split interest agreements with individuals that generally require annuity payments to these individuals in exchange for property, securities, or cash. The assets in the split interest agreements are stated at fair value in the University's consolidated financial statements. These assets total approximately \$2,294,000 and \$2,933,000 at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and are included in "Investments" in the consolidated statements of financial position. The University's liability to the annuitants is recorded based on the present value of the expected payments using discount rates between 4.4% and 8.9% as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Annuities payable total approximately \$930,000 and \$879,000 at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Insurance Policies

Insurance policies donated to the University are recorded at the cash surrender value of the policy and adjusted annually for changes in such values. Certain insurance policies require premium payments over several years.

Land, Buildings, and Equipment

Land, buildings, and equipment are stated at cost or, if received by gift, at the market or appraised value at the date of gift. Depreciation is provided on the straight-line basis over estimated useful lives ranging from 5 to 50 years.

Expenditures for new equipment, buildings, and improvements which substantially extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Ordinary repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. The University capitalizes interest on major projects during construction and amortizes the amounts over the related assets' estimated useful lives. Costs incurred for building materials and equipment comprises construction in progress.

Works of Art

The University maintains several collections, which are not reported for financial statement purposes. These collections include works of art, natural history artifacts, and other similar objects. Collections are held for public exhibition, education and research in furtherance of the University's goal to provide public service. Various University departments have the responsibility to control, preserve and protect these collections. In the event the University determines it is appropriate and feasible to sell a piece of art, and absent any donor restrictions to the contrary, any proceeds from such sale must be used to acquire other items in the collection or to preserve, restore, display, or secure the collection.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Funds Held in Trust by Others

The University is the beneficiary of funds held in perpetual trust. The University does not control or have possession of these funds but receives income from the trust. Funds held in trust by others are recorded at the estimated fair value of future cash flows, which is estimated to equal the fair value of the trust assets.

U.S. Government Grants Refundable

Funds provided by the U.S. government under the Federal Perkins Loan and Health Professions Student Loan Programs are loaned to qualified students. These funds are ultimately refundable to the U.S. government and are included as a liability in the consolidated statements of financial position.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Financial instruments are generally described as cash, contractual obligations or rights to pay or receive cash. The carrying amount approximates fair value for certain financial instruments because of the short-term maturity of these instruments, which include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, U.S. government receivables, accounts payable, and student deposits.

Fair value estimates are made at a specific point in time based on relevant market information. Fair value of a financial instrument is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. If available, quoted market prices are used to value investments. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgment and, therefore, cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions could significantly affect the estimates.

Investments are recorded at fair value primarily as determined by values provided by external investment managers or quoted market prices. See Note 4 for further information on investment fair value measurements.

U.S. government loans receivable and U.S. government grants refundable are not saleable and can only be assigned to the U.S. Government or its designees. The carrying value approximates fair value because the notes bear interest at rates which approximate current rates the University could obtain on notes with similar maturities and credit qualities.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration the University expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services. The University disaggregates revenue based on revenue stream and believes that the following information provides a reasonable representation of how performance obligations relate to the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenue Recognition (Continued)

Student Tuition and Fees, Net of Scholarships and Fellowships

The University's operating revenue is primarily derived from academic programs provided to students, including undergraduate, graduate, and professional degree granting programs. Tuition and fees revenue is earned by the University for these educational services delivered during an academic term. Tuition is charged at different rates depending on the program in which the student is enrolled. As part of a student's course of instruction, certain fees, such as technology fees, and laboratory fees, are billed to students. Tuition and fees are earned over the applicable academic term and are not considered separate performance obligations.

Tuition scholarships and fellowships awarded by the University represent a reduction of the tuition transaction price. The University awards both need-based and merit-based scholarships. Scholarships are generally awarded for the academic year and are applied to the student's account during each academic term.

Academic terms are determined by regulatory requirements mandated by the federal government and/or applicable accrediting body. The University's academic terms generally consist of Fall, Spring, and Summer terms. Except for certain programs in the Summer term, the academic terms generally have start and end dates that fall within the University's fiscal year.

The University bills tuition and fees in advance of each academic term, and recognizes the tuition and fees revenue on a straight-line basis, as the educational services are performed, over the academic term or program. Students are typically entitled to a partial refund through approximately 40% of an academic term. Once a student reaches the point in the academic term where no refund is given, generally no refunds are due if the student withdraws subsequent to that date.

Students pay tuition and fees (net of scholarships and fellowships) through a variety of funding sources, including among others, federal loan and grant programs, state grant programs, institutional payment plans, employer reimbursement, Veterans' Administration and other military funding and grants, private and institutional scholarships and borrowings, and cash payments.

Sales and Services of Auxiliary Enterprises

Auxiliary services revenue consists primarily of fees for room and dining services (board) during the student's education. The University considers that room fees and dining services are each separate performance obligations.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenue Recognition (Continued)

Sales and Services of Auxiliary Enterprises (Continued)

Room fees are charged at different rates depending on the residence hall and room accommodations. Room fees are billed in advance of each academic term, and recognized as revenue on a straight-line basis over the period housing is provided. While the University believes the residential experience is an integral part of a student's education, the University considers the residential arrangement to be a distinct performance obligation from the academic services.

Dining service fees are charged at different rates depending on the level of access to dining services during the term of the agreement. Dining services are billed in advance of each academic term, and are recognized as revenue ratably over the period during which the dining services are offered.

In addition to room and board, auxiliary services include revenue earned for various conference services offered by the University. Revenue from conference services is recognized once the performance obligations are complete.

Other Operating Revenue

This category consists of revenue generated by the University under contractual arrangements deemed to be exchange transactions. Major revenue streams in this category include rental income generated by various residential and commercial properties owned by the University, revenue from seminars and workshops, athletic-related ticket sales and sponsorships, health center membership fees, and royalties. Revenue from these activities is generally recognized at a point in time as services are performed.

The majority of the University's revenue from contracts with customers are from performance obligations with an initial duration of one year or less. Prices are specific to a distinct performance obligation and do not consist of multiple transactions.

Deferred Revenues

The University records deferred revenue in situations when amounts are invoiced but the revenue recognition criteria outlined above are not met. Such revenue is recognized when all criteria are subsequently met. Deferred revenues from revenue from contracts with customers are classified as liabilities on the statements of financial position within student deposits and deferred income and as of June 30, 2024, 2023 and 2022, were approximately \$4,201,000, \$4,484,000 and \$4,417,000, respectively.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenue Recognition (Continued)

Deferred Revenues (Continued)

All deferred revenue recorded at the end of each fiscal year was recognized as revenue in the subsequent fiscal year.

Student Accounts Receivable

Student accounts receivable represents payment not yet received for academic terms already completed or in progress. The following table depicts activities for student accounts receivable related to tuition, fees, and auxiliary services as of June 30:

	2024	2023
Student Accounts Receivable, Beginning		
of the Year	\$ 3,354,745	\$ 3,432,506
Charges for Tuition, Fees, and Auxiliary Services	181,123,058	183,197,479
Scholarships and Fellowships	(85,166,780)	(84,144,553)
Payments Applied	(95,630,203)	(98,994,711)
Other	(237,119)	(135,976)
Students Accounts Receivable, End of the Year	\$ 3,443,701	\$ 3,354,745

Significant Judgments

Significant judgment is required in determining the appropriate approach to applying the revenue recognition criteria. While ASC Topic 606 is generally applied to an individual contract with a customer, as a practical expedient, the University applies this guidance to a portfolio of contracts (or performance obligations) with similar characteristics. The University reasonably expects that the effects of applying this guidance to the portfolio would not differ materially from applying the guidance to the individual contracts (or performance obligations) within the portfolio.

For tuition and fees, room, and dining services, the University has determined that students can be grouped into a portfolio for each of these three performance obligations. Based on the University's experience, students in different programs have similar characteristics concerning the University's approach to revenue recognition. Agreements concerning enrollment, student financial responsibility, housing, and dining plans each contain terms which clarify the performance obligations and eligibility for refunds or fee adjustments. These agreements are fundamentally the same regardless of the program of study.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenue Recognition (Continued)

Significant Judgments (Continued)

For contracts with customers not pertaining to tuition and fees, and board, the University generally applies the revenue recognition guidance on an individual contract basis. Significant judgment is also required to assess collectability. For the majority of tuition and fees, the University receives cash receipts for tuition payments from various Federal and State government agencies. Students are required to provide documentation to the Department of Education to be eligible and approved for funding. The University monitors the progress of students through the eligibility and approval process for these financial aid programs. These cash receipts represent a substantial portion of overall billings and have an expected low risk of collectability. For the remainder of tuition and fees, room, and board, the University monitors for situations which would require a reassessment of collectability.

For contacts with customers not pertaining to tuition and fees, room, and board, the University generally assesses collectability on an individual contract basis. See Note 3 for additional information concerning student and other receivables and related allowances for expected credit losses. Given the nature of the University's contracts with customers, there are no incremental costs of obtaining a contract and no significant financing components. During the fiscal year, there were no significant changes in the judgements affecting the determination of the amount and timing of revenue from contracts with customers.

Grants from Governmental Agencies

Conditional government grants and contracts are recorded as revenue when earned. Revenue is earned when eligible expenditures, as defined in each contract, are made. Funds received but not yet earned are shown as deferred revenue. Expenditures under government contracts are subject to review by the granting authority. To the extent, if any, that such a review reduces expenditures allowable under these contracts, the University will record such disallowance at the time the final assessment is made. A portion of the University's revenue is derived from cost reimbursable federal and state contracts and grants, which are conditioned upon certain performance requirements and/ or the incurrence of allowable qualifying expenses. Amounts received are recognized as revenue when the University has incurred expenditures in compliance with specific contract or grant provisions. The University received cost reimbursable grants of \$581,103 and \$708,702 that have not been recognized at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, because qualifying expenditures have not yet been incurred.

Fundraising Expenses

Fundraising expenses for the University consist of development expenses, capital campaign costs, and alumni relations. Total fundraising expenses were approximately \$3,675,000 and \$3,544,000 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Advertising Expenses

Advertising costs for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 of \$722,680 and \$659,700, respectively, are expensed as incurred and included in the consolidated statements of activities.

Auxiliary Enterprises

The University's auxiliary enterprises exist primarily to furnish goods and services to students. Managed as essentially self-supporting activities, the University's auxiliaries consist principally of residence halls, dining halls, and parking. Auxiliary enterprise revenues and expenses are reported as changes in net assets without donor restrictions.

Accrued Postretirement Benefit Obligation

The University follows ASC 715, Compensation—Retirement Benefits. ASC 715 requires an employer to recognize in its consolidated statements of financial position the over-funded or under-funded status of a defined benefit postretirement plan measured as the difference between the fair value of plan assets and the benefit obligation. For a postretirement plan, such as a retiree health care plan, the benefit obligation is the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation. In addition, ASC 715 requires that the measurement date of the plan obligation coincide with an employer's fiscal year-end. The University presents the change in the funded status of its postretirement benefit obligation within non-operating activities in the consolidated statements of activities, while the net periodic postretirement benefit cost is presented within operating activities in the consolidated statements of activities.

Related-Party Transactions

The University bylaws incorporate a conflict of interest policy. The purpose of this policy is to protect the University's interest when it is contemplating a transaction or arrangement that might benefit the private interest of a member of its Board of Trustees, officer, or senior employees of the University or a voting member of a committee with board-delegated powers. A person who has a financial interest may have a conflict of interest only if the Board of Trustees or appropriate committee decides that a conflict of interest exists. All members of the board and senior level administrators complete a conflict of interest disclosure survey annually.

The outstanding balances of pledges receivable from members of the University's Board of Trustees and key employees total \$16,015,061 and \$13,011,922 as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Contribution revenue from members of the University's Board of Trustees and key employees total \$11,286,389 and \$5,653,177 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Leases

The University leases various equipment and vehicles and determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Both operating and finance leases are reported on the consolidated statement of financial position as a right-of-use (ROU) asset and lease liability.

ROU assets represent the University's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent the University's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. ROU assets and liabilities are recognized at commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. Lease terms may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that the University will exercise that option. Lease expense for operating lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The University has elected to recognize payments for short-term leases with a lease term of 12 months or less as expense as incurred and these leases are not included as lease liabilities or right-of-use assets on the consolidated statement of financial position. The individual lease contracts do not provide information about the rate implicit in the lease. Therefore, the University has elected to use a risk-free discount rate determined using a period comparable with that of the lease term for computing the present value of lease liabilities. The University has elected not to separate nonlease components from lease components and instead accounts for each separate lease component and the nonlease component as a single lease component.

Adoption of New Accounting Standards

On July 1, 2023, the University adopted ASU 2016-13 Financial Instruments – Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments, which replaces the incurred loss methodology with an expected loss methodology referred to as the current expected credit loss (CECL) methodology. The measurement of expected credit losses under CECL is applicable to financial assets measured at amortized cost, including trade account receivables. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on the University's financial statements but did change how the allowance for credit losses is determined.

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through October 16, 2024, the date the consolidated financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 2 LIQUIDITY AND AVAILABILITY OF RESOURCES

The University's financial assets and resources available to meet cash needs for general expenditures within one year of the date of the consolidated statements of financial position were as follows:

	2024	2023
Financial Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 19,752,723	\$ 25,539,998
Accounts Receivable - Student and Other, Net	5,299,507	4,366,767
Investments	292,296,803	253,088,471
Total Financial Assets	317,349,033	282,995,236
Less Amounts Not Available to be Used		
Within One Year:		
Investments Underlying Endowments With		
Donor Restrictions	(218,541,026)	(186,906,390)
Total Financial Assets Not Available to be Used	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Within One Year	(218,541,026)	(186,906,390)
Total Financial Assets Available Within One Year	\$ 98,808,007	\$ 96,088,846
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

The University actively monitors its liquidity and structures its financial assets to be available as its general expenditures, liabilities and other obligations come due. General expenditures include operating expenses, principal and interest payments on debt, postretirement benefit plan payments, and internally funded capital construction costs. Student loans receivable are not considered to be available to meet general expenditures because principal and interest on these loans are used solely to make new loans.

In addition to the available financial assets above, a significant portion of the University's annual expenditures will be funded by current year operating revenues including tuition and fees, grants and contract income.

The cash cycle has seasonal variations related to the timing of tuition billings, third-party reimbursements, and the receipt of gifts and pledge payments. Cash in excess of daily requirements is invested in short-term investments and money market funds. Cash withdrawals normally coincide with the endowment spending distribution, but may be adjusted higher or lower based on the timing of gift receipts, capital calls, income and capital distributions, operating expenses and other factors affecting available cash. Endowment funds appropriated for spending are distributed to University department and program budgets for spending, subject to donor-restrictions where applicable, however, cash withdrawals from investment pools are available for general liquidity purposes.

NOTE 2 LIQUIDITY AND AVAILABILITY OF RESOURCES (CONTINUED)

The University has board-designated endowment funds of \$74,826,326 and \$68,661,044 as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Although the University does not intend to spend from its board-designated endowment funds, amounts from its board-designated endowment funds could be made available at any time, if necessary, through approval by the University's Board of Trustees. As a result, the University concluded that the investments underlying board-designated endowment funds should be included in the table above as financial assets available within one year.

NOTE 3 RECEIVABLES

Financing Receivables Student Loans

The University makes uncollateralized loans to students based on financial need. Student loans are funded through Federal government loan programs and other institutional and private loans. At June 30, 2024 and 2023, student loans represented 1.0% and 1.3%, respectively, of total assets.

Student loans at June 30, 2024 and 2023, are summarized as follows:

	2024	 2023
Federal Government Programs	\$ 6,160,072	\$ 7,118,584
Institutional and Private Loans	 198,930	 199,013
Total	6,359,002	7,317,597
Less Allowance for Doubtful Accounts:		
Beginning of Year	(289,000)	(294,000)
(Increases)/Decrease	17,000	 5,000
End of Year	(272,000)	(289,000)
Student Loans Receivable, Net	\$ 6,087,002	\$ 7,028,597

Institutional and private loans, net of the allowance for expected credit losses are included within Accounts Receivable—Student and Other, Net, on the consolidated statements of financial position.

The University participates in the Perkins and Health Professions Student Loan (HPSL) Federal revolving loan programs. The federal Perkins loan program expired in 2017. Per guidance issued from the U.S. Department of Education, Perkins loans that have been in default for more than two years must be assigned back to the government or purchased by the institution. The availability of funds for loans under HPSL is dependent on reimbursements to the pool from repayments on outstanding loans. Funds advanced by the U.S. Government under the Perkins and HPSL programs of \$4,242,237 and \$5,127,415 as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, are ultimately refundable to the U.S. Government and are classified as liabilities in the consolidated statements of financial position. Outstanding loans cancelled under these programs result in a reduction of the funds available for loan and a decrease in the liability to the U.S. Government.

NOTE 3 RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

Financing Receivables Student Loans (Continued)

The following amounts were past due under student loan programs at June 30, 2024:

	 Amount
Past Due	
1 - 60 Days	\$ 38,362
60 - 90 Days	27,409
90+ Days	 188,947
Total Past Due	\$ 254,718

Allowances for expected credit losses are established based on prior collection experience and current economic factors which, in management's judgment, could influence the ability of loan recipients to repay the amounts per the loan terms.

Contributions Receivable

Net contributions receivable at June 30, 2024 and 2023 are summarized as follows:

	2024	2023
Unconditional Promises Expected to be Collected in:		
Less Than One Year	\$ 14,224,154	\$ 13,490,442
One Year to Five Years	17,506,536	20,310,462
Over Five Years	6,353,783	3,695,394
Total	38,084,473	37,496,298
Less:		
Unamortized Discount on Contributions Receivable		
(with Discount Rates Ranging from 0.2%-4.5%		
for 2024 and 2023)	(2,722,962)	(2,177,486)
Allowance for Uncollectible Contributions	(1,142,000)	(1,124,000)
Contributions Receivable, Net	\$ 34,219,511	\$ 34,194,812

Contributions receivable distributed between net asset classifications at June 30, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	2024	2023
With Donor Restrictions - Time or Purpose:		
Capital Projects	\$ 18,216,448	\$ 14,293,955
Other	7,236,233	10,319,413
Total	25,452,681	24,613,368
With Donor Restrictions - Perpetual	8,766,830_	9,581,444
Contributions Receivable - Net	\$ 34,219,511	\$ 34,194,812

For the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, contributions receivable from one donor accounted for approximately 12% and 14% of the total balance, respectively.

NOTE 4 INVESTMENTS AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The University records certain of its assets and liabilities at fair value. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Securities are carried at fair value on a recurring basis. The University uses quoted market prices and observable inputs to the maximum extent possible when measuring fair value. When market data is not available, fair value is determined using valuation models that incorporate management's estimates of the assumptions a market participant would use in pricing the asset or liability.

Under ASC 820, fair value measurements are classified among three levels based on the observability of the inputs used to determine fair value:

Level 1 – Unadjusted guoted prices for identical instruments in active markets.

Level 2 – Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active and model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs are observable in active markets.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the instrument. Level 3 valuations are typically performed using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, or similar techniques, which incorporate management's own estimates of assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the instrument or valuations that require significant management judgment or estimation.

Transfers between levels occur when there is a change in the observability of significant inputs. This may occur between Level 1 and Level 2 when the availability of quoted prices changes, or when market activity significantly changes to active or inactive. A transfer between Level 2 and Level 3 generally occurs when the underlying inputs become, or can no longer be, corroborated with market observable data. The University's policy is to recognize all transfers at the end of each reporting period. There were no transfers between levels during the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

The University's Level 3 investments consist of beneficial interests in trusts valued at \$12,841,208 and \$11,334,522 as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Beneficial interests in trusts are measured using a principal valuation technique of fair market value. Unobservable inputs include time period of the trusts. The range and weighted average of significant unobservable inputs is not applicable.

NOTE 4 INVESTMENTS AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

The tables below illustrate the composition of the University's investments as of June 30, 2024 and 2023. In addition, in accordance with ASC 820, the tables below include the major categorization for assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis on the basis of their nature and risk at June 30, 2024 and 2023.

		Fair Value Measurem			
ASSETS	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
ASSETS					
Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,245,046	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,245,046	
Investments:					
Money Market Accounts					
and Certificates of Deposits	3,653,060	160,000	-	3,813,060	
Mutual Funds:					
Domestic Equity	69,711,617	-	-	69,711,617	
International Equity	14,502,918	-	-	14,502,918	
Fixed Income	30,310,538	-	-	30,310,538	
Common Stocks - Domestic Equity	10,706	-	-	10,706	
Government Bonds		4,013,537		4,013,537	
Total Investments Measured at					
Fair Value Under ASC 820	118,188,839	4,173,537	-	122,362,376	
Funds Valued at NAV:					
Domestic Equity				35,171,089	
Global Equity				55,022,874	
Emerging Market Equity				8,561,583	
Diversifiers (Primarily Hedge Funds)				29,411,933	
Private Equity				26,436,060	
Public Real Assets				2,336,256	
Investments Valued at Cost:					
Real Estate				9,225,956	
Cash Surrender Value of					
Life Insurance Policies				3,768,676	
Total Investments	-	-	-	292,296,803	
Funds Held in Trust by Others			12,841,208	12,841,208	
Total				\$ 310,383,057	

NOTE 4 INVESTMENTS AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fair Value Measurements at June 30, 2023								
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total				
ASSETS								
Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,589,827	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,589,827				
Investments:								
Money Market Accounts								
and Certificates of Deposits	2,311,174	210,000	-	2,521,174				
Mutual Funds:								
Domestic Equity	61,604,024	-	-	61,604,024				
International Equity	18,198,362	-	-	18,198,362				
Fixed Income	27,779,942	-	-	27,779,942				
Common Stocks - Domestic Equity	8,105	-	-	8,105				
Government Bonds	<u> </u>	521,089		521,089				
Total Investments Measured at								
Fair Value Under ASC 820	109,901,607	731,089	-	110,632,696				
Funds Valued at NAV:								
Domestic Equity				27,532,597				
Global Equity				47,009,423				
Emerging Market Equity				7,360,975				
Diversifiers (Primarily Hedge Funds)				26,812,137				
Private Equity				22,663,593				
Public Real Assets				2,071,721				
Investments Valued at Cost:								
Real Estate				5,107,651				
Cash Surrender Value of								
Life Insurance Policies				3,897,678				
Total Investments	-	-	-	253,088,471				
Funds Held in Trust by Others		<u> </u>	11,334,522	11,334,522				
Total				\$ 269,012,820				

Fair values on marketable securities, such as mutual funds and common stocks, are based on quoted market prices from an active exchange or from an active dealer market. The University's cash equivalents, and money market accounts are highly liquid assets with daily pricing. Certificates of deposit and government bonds are often traded in less active markets with pricing determined by looking at a similar asset that is currently trading.

NOTE 4 INVESTMENTS AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

Private equity funds primarily include investments with managers who implement long-only equity strategies, but also include certain global macro strategies, with some exposure to the credit markets. Private equity funds have original redemption lock-up periods that range from 5 years to 12 years, with remaining periods ranging from 1 year to 4 years as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, at which time the investments close. Assets in this category are invested in side pockets, which are less liquid and are generally restricted from redemption. Unfunded commitments as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 are \$23,611,192 and \$24,610,264, respectively.

Diversifiers, consisting primarily of hedge funds, are generally master fund arrangements which invest in long/short equity, commodity, and fixed income instruments. Some of these investments have redemption lock-up periods and have redemption notice periods ranging from quarterly to annual. The University has no unfunded commitments as of June 30, 2024 and 2023.

The fair value of the University's investments in funds valued at NAV represent the net asset value (NAV) in these investments as reported by the fund managers in accordance with the practical expedient, as defined by ASU 2009-12. In accordance with ASU 2015-07, investments valued at NAV are not included within any level in the fair value hierarchy. All valuations utilize financial information supplied by the general partner of each limited partnership or the fund manager and are net of management fees and incentive allocations pursuant to the applicable investment agreements. The fair value of the University's investments in these investment vehicles generally starts with the NAV of the University's investment in the investment vehicle as reported by the general partner of each limited partnership or the fund manager, who determines the value of the limited investment vehicle's NAV in a manner consistent with ASC Topic 946, Financial Services—Investment Companies. The University may conclude in certain circumstances that, after considering information reasonably available at the time the valuation is made and that the University believes to be reliable, the NAV provided by the general partner of each limited partnership or the fund manager is not representative of the fair value of the University's interest in the investment vehicle. At June 30, 2024 and 2023, no valuation adjustments to the NAV provided by the general manager or fund manager have been made by the University. Due to the inherent uncertainty of valuation, the value of the University's investments in such investment vehicles may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had an active market for the investments held by the University been available.

In accordance with the fair value measurements and disclosures guidance, the following tables present the category, fair value, redemption frequency, and redemption notice period for investments where the fair values have been estimated using NAV as of June 30, 2024 and 2023.

NOTE 4 INVESTMENTS AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

			Redemption	Redemption Notice	Redemption Lockup
Year Ended June 30, 2024		Fair Value	Frequency	Period	Period
Investment Type:					
Limited Partnerships	\$	30,579,755	Monthly	10 Business Days	N/A
Limited Partnerships		13,013,532	Weekly	7 Calendar Days	N/A
Limited Partnerships		2,362,596	Monthly	60 Calendar Days	N/A
Limited Partnerships		20,271,866	Monthly	31 Calendar Days	N/A
Limited Partnerships		2,336,256	Quarterly	90 Calendar Days	N/A
Private Equity Funds		26,331,699	None	N/A	N/A
Private Equity Funds		104,360	None	N/A	1 Year
Hedge Funds		9,017,031	Quarterly	60 Calendar Days	N/A
Hedge Funds		4,393,523	Monthly	3 Business Days	N/A
Hedge Funds		4,986,282	Quarterly	90 Calendar Days	N/A
Hedge Funds		3,220,310	Every Two Years	60 Calendar Days	N/A
Hedge Funds		484,582	Semi-annually	60 Calendar Days	N/A
Hedge Funds		4,947,610	Quarterly	65 Calendar Days	N/A
Hedge Funds-Equity Inv Trust		4,101,683	Monthly	10 Business Days	N/A
Hedge Funds-Equity Inv Trust		12,495,586	Semi-monthly	6 Business Days	N/A
Commingled Equity Funds		2,541,076	Daily	10 Business Days	N/A
Commingled Equity Funds		3,080,613	Weekly	4 Business Days	N/A
Commingled Equity Funds		12,671,435	Monthly	30 Calendar Days	N/A
Total	\$	156,939,795	·	·	
				Redemption	Redemption
			Redemption	Notice	Lockup
Year Ended June 30, 2023		Fair Value	Frequency	Period	Period
Investment Type:	•				
Limited Partnerships	\$	25,686,183	Monthly	10 Business Days	N/A
Limited Partnerships		10,691,594	Weekly	7 Business Days	N/A
Limited Partnerships		1,980,588	Monthly	60 Calendar Days	N/A
Limited Partnerships		16,523,258	Monthly	31 Calendar Days	N/A
Limited Partnerships		2,071,721	Quarterly	90 Calendar Days	N/A
Private Equity Funds		22,459,400	None	N/A	N/A
Private Equity Funds		204,192	None	N/A	1 Year
Hedge Funds		8,360,900	Quarterly	60 Calendar Days	N/A N/A
Hedge Funds Hedge Funds		3,822,254	Monthly Quarterly	3 Business Days 90 Calendar Days	N/A N/A
Hedge Funds		4,494,862 2,878,845	Every Two Years	60 Calendar Days	N/A N/A
Hedge Funds		633,187	Semi-annually	60 Calendar Days	N/A N/A
Hedge Funds		•	Quarterly	65 Calendar Days	N/A N/A
•		4,641,502	•	•	N/A N/A
Hedge Funds-Equity Inv Trust		3,809,006	Monthly	10 Business Days	
Hedge Funds-Equity Inv Trust		10,605,612	Semi-monthly	6 Business Days	N/A N/A
Commingled Equity Funds		4,281,297	Weekly	4 Business Days	
Commingled Equity Funds	•	10,306,045	Monthly	30 Calendar Days	N/A
Total	\$	133,450,446			

NOTE 4 INVESTMENTS AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, investment gain consisted of the following:

	2024	2023
Interest, Rents, and Dividends	\$ 4,301,898	\$ 3,745,419
Net Realized Gains from Investments	6,921,210	4,292,407
Investment Expenses	(1,308,943)	(1,327,662)
Investment Income, Net	9,914,165	6,710,164
Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) from Investments	30,365,257	20,934,823
Net Investment Gain (Loss)	\$ 40,279,422	\$ 27,644,987

NOTE 5 LAND, BUILDINGS, AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Land, buildings, and equipment, net consisted of the following as of June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	2024	2023
Land, Buildings, and Equipment:		
Land	\$ 30,670,367	\$ 29,433,837
Buildings	302,699,820	290,331,401
Equipment	83,447,391	81,934,582
Construction in Progress	9,873,020	13,113,188
Total	426,690,598	414,813,008
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(202,541,292)	(192,248,583)
Land, Buildings, and Equipment, Net	\$ 224,149,306	\$ 222,564,425

Depreciation expense for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 was \$11,052,710 and \$10,661,409, respectively. As of June 30, 2024, the University has outstanding construction commitments of approximately \$8,020,000.

Construction in process by project at June 30, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	 2024	2023
Meredith Hall Renovation	 -	 11,124,598
Morehouse Renovation	7,411,258	774,393
Utility Infrastructure Upgrades	1,192,197	-
Knapp Center Improvements	751,583	284,205
Architect and Planning Fees for Multiple Projects	\$ 442,010	\$ 471,312
Other	75,972	458,680
Total Construction in Process	\$ 9,873,020	\$ 13,113,188

NOTE 6 LEASES

The University has numerous lease commitments for equipment and vehicles. The following tables provide quantitative information concerning leases for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	20		2023
Lease Cost:			
Finance Lease Cost:			
Amortization of Right-of-Use Assets	\$	178,894	\$ 181,860
Interest on Lease Liabilities		13,445	15,422
Operating Lease Cost		21,953	12,802
Total Lease Cost	\$	214,292	\$ 210,084
Other Information:			
Operating Cash Flows from Financing Leases	\$	13,445	\$ 15,422
Operating Cash Flows from Operating Leases		21,930	12,913
Financing Cash Flows from Financing Leases		186,580	186,435
Right-of-Use Asset Obtained in Exchange for New			
Financing Lease Liabilities	\$	55,168	\$ 832,589
Right-of-Use Asset Obtained in Exchange for New			
Operating Lease Liabilities	\$	-	\$ 78,531
Weighted-Average Remaining Lease Term - Financing Lease		2.8 Years	3.6 Years
Weighted-Average Remaining Lease Term - Operating Lease		3.3 Years	4.0 Years
Weighted-Average Discount Rate - Financing Leases		2.43%	2.50%
Weighted-Average Discount Rate - Operating Leases		3.86%	3.91%

As of June 30, 2024, contractual payment obligations related to the University's lease liability are as follows:

	0	perating	F	inancing	
Year Ending June 30,		Leases	Leases		
2025	\$	21,930	\$	189,744	
2026		9,960		189,744	
2027		9,960		128,560	
2028		9,130		12,278	
2029				3,070	
Total		50,980		523,396	
Amount Representing Interest		(3,263)		(18,148)	
Total Lease Liability	\$	47,717	\$	505,248	

NOTE 7 LOANS AND BONDS PAYABLE

Loans and bonds payable at June 30, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

Description	2024	2023
Loan agreement with commercial bank related to Series 2021 - Private College Facility Revenue Bonds	\$ 17,717,000	\$ 20,212,000
Series 2016 - Private College Facility Revenue and Refunding Bonds maturing April 1, 2038. The bonds bear interest at fixed rates ranging from 3.0% to 4.0%.	21,950,000	21,950,000
Loan agreements with qualified community development entity related to QLICI A and QLICI B		
- Community Holdings, LLC	7,840,000	7,840,000
Loans and Bonds Payable Subtotal	47,507,000	50,002,000
Less: Debt Issuance Costs - Net	(221,219)	(239,121)
Loans and Bonds Payable	\$ 47,285,781	\$ 49,762,879

The University issued a Series 2021 direct purchase, tax-exempt bond on September 29, 2021 in the amount of \$25,065,000 through IHELA via a loan agreement with a commercial bank dated September 1, 2021. Series 2021 proceeds refinanced the outstanding Series 2017A and 2017B bonds which provided partial financing for two new academic buildings as part of the STEM@Drake project, and refunded previous bonds that financed, in part, the Goodwin Kirk renovation, Knapp Center, and Opperman Hall. The underlying bond matures on April 1, 2031, and may be paid at any time with 30 days' notice. Principal payments are due annually on April 1, with interest payments due semi- annually on April 1 and October 1. The interest rate is fixed at 2.00%.

Community Holdings, LLC entered into two loan agreements with a qualified community development entity as part of a New Markets Tax Credit financing arrangement related to the Gregory and Suzie Glazer Burt Boys & Girls Club building which was opened on August 23, 2019. The two loans (QLICI A and QLICI B) were issued on November 27, 2019 for \$5,623,100 and \$2,216,900, respectively. Both loans were issued at a fixed interest rate of 2.07%, and are repaid by interest-only quarterly loan payments through December 1, 2026, and thereafter by quarterly principal and interest payments through the maturity date of November 27, 2049. Quarterly payment dates occur on the 1st day of March, June, September, and December. The loans are collateralized by a mortgage on the building and the University has guaranteed the loans on behalf of Community Holdings, LLC.

The University's loans and bonds are general obligations of the University. The loan and bond agreements contain various financial covenants, such as liquidity ratios. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, management is not aware with any violations with financial covenants.

NOTE 7 LOANS AND BONDS PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

Contractual maturities on loans and bonds payable of the University subsequent to June 30, 2024 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Amount
2025	\$ 3,072,000
2026	3,146,000
2027	3,357,539
2028	3,586,890
2029	3,687,561
Thereafter	30,657,010
Total	\$ 47,507,000

The above schedule has been prepared based on the contractual maturities of the debt outstanding as of June 30, 2024.

NOTE 8 ENDOWMENT NET ASSETS

The University's endowment consists of donor gifts (net assets with donor restrictions—perpetual) plus other Board-designated funds (net assets without donor restrictions) and funds held in trust by others which are deemed to be held and invested in perpetuity. The Board of Trustees approves a spending policy for the endowment.

The University follows the IUPMIFA. IUPMIFA prescribes guidelines for expenditure of donor-restricted endowment funds. Per IUPMIFA, an institution may appropriate for expenditure as the institution determines is prudent for uses, benefits, purposes and duration for which the endowment is established. Unless stated otherwise in the gift instrument, the assets in an endowment fund are donor-restricted assets until appropriated for expenditure by the institution. Appropriation for expenditure is deemed to occur upon approval for expenditure unless approval is for a future period, in which case appropriation is deemed to occur when that period is reached. IUPMIFA does not apply to board-designated endowment funds and therefore the appreciation on these funds remains a part of net assets without donor restrictions.

The endowment net assets activity consisted of the following for the year ended June 30, 2024:

	Without Donor			With Donor	
June 30, 2024	Restrictions		Restrictions		Total
Endowment Net Assets - Beginning of Year	\$	68,661,044	\$	198,240,911	\$ 266,901,955
Total Gifts (Excluding Pledges)		1,248,696		12,890,836	14,139,531
Total Other Changes		(622,110)		571,076	(51,034)
Total Investment Return, Net		11,085,872		29,016,076	40,101,949
Endowment Income Used in Operations		(5,547,176)		(9,336,665)	(14,883,841)
Endowment Net Assets - End of Year	\$	74,826,326	\$	231,382,234	\$ 306,208,560

NOTE 8 ENDOWMENT NET ASSETS (CONTINUED)

The endowment net assets activity consisted of the following for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Without Donor			With Donor			
June 30, 2023	Restrictions		Restrictions		Restrictions Restrictions		Total
Endowment Net Assets - Beginning of Year	\$	65,006,757	\$	180,413,378	\$ 245,420,135		
Total Gifts (Excluding Pledges)		202,084		6,861,680	7,063,764		
Total Other Changes		(196,530)		48,607	(147,923)		
Total Investment Return, Net		7,865,724		19,658,407	27,524,131		
Endowment Income Used in Operations		(4,216,991)		(8,741,161)	 (12,958,152)		
Endowment Net Assets - End of Year	\$	68,661,044	\$	198,240,911	\$ 266,901,955		

All endowment net assets classified as net assets without donor restrictions are board-designated funds. All endowment net assets classified as net assets with donor restrictions are classified accordingly based on donor-imposed restrictions.

Endowment net assets were classified as follows as of June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	Without Donor		With Donor			
June 30, 2024	Restrictions		Restrictions		Total	
Donor Restricted Endowment Funds	\$	-	\$	218,541,026	\$	218,541,026
Funds Held in Trust		-		12,841,208		12,841,208
Board-Designated Funds Functioning as						
Endowment Funds		74,826,326		-		74,826,326
Total Endowment Net Assets	\$	74,826,326	\$	231,382,234	\$	306,208,560
	Without Donor		With Donor			
June 30, 2023	F	Restrictions		Restrictions		Total
Donor Restricted Endowment Funds	\$	-	\$	186,906,390	\$	186,906,390
Funds Held in Trust		-		11,334,521		11,334,521
Board-Designated Funds Functioning as						
Endowment Funds		68,661,044		-		68,661,044
Total Endowment Net Assets	\$	68,661,044	\$	198,240,911	\$	266,901,955

NOTE 8 ENDOWMENT NET ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Funds with Deficiencies

A donor-restricted endowment fund is considered to be underwater if the fair value of the fund is less than either the original gift amount or the amount required to be maintained by the donor or by law. At times, the University may have individual donor-restricted endowment funds that are underwater. The University has a policy that permits spending from underwater funds depending on the degree to which the fund is underwater, unless specifically prohibited by the donor or relevant laws and regulations. At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the amount by which funds were underwater was calculated as follows:

	 2024	2023
Aggregate Original Gift Amount	\$ 3,266,844	\$ 24,852,448
Aggregate Fair Value	 3,202,166	23,460,622
Aggregate Deficiency	\$ 64,678	\$ 1,391,826

Return Objectives and Risk Parameters

The University intends that its endowment will be invested to enhance the real purchasing power of the principal of the fund and to provide reasonably stable and predictable cash flows from the endowment for its operating purposes.

The primary investment objective of the endowment fund is to achieve at least an annualized total return, after investment management fees, of 5% in excess of inflation (as defined by the Consumer Price Index) based on the endowment's long-term goal of distributing between 4% and 5% of a twelve-quarter average of the endowment's fair values as established by the Board of Trustees.

Spending Policy

For the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the endowment distribution under the Board of Trustees approved spending policy was calculated as 5% of a twelve-quarter average of the fair value of endowment net assets.

NOTE 9 NET ASSETS WITH DONOR RESTRICTIONS

Net assets with donor restrictions consisted of the following, at June 30:

	2024	2023
Time or Purpose Restrictions:		
Unexpended for Restricted Purposes	\$ 18,244,609	\$ 14,895,767
Contributions for Capital Asset Acquisition	6,101,855	6,774,269
Endowment	50,131,208	31,073,465
Annuity and Life Income	566,466	1,049,978
Contributions Receivable	25,452,681	24,613,368
Total Net Assets With Donor		
Restrictions - Time or Purpose	100,496,819	78,406,847
Perpetual Restrictions:		
Student Loans	207,980	159,952
Endowment	168,409,818	155,832,925
Annuity and Life Income	797,504	1,004,559
Funds Held in Trust by Others	12,841,208	11,334,521
Contributions Receivable	8,766,830	9,581,444
Total Net Assets With Donor		
Restrictions - Perpetual	191,023,340	177,913,401
Total Net Assets With Donor Restrictions	\$ 291,520,159	\$ 256,320,248

NOTE 10 RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The University is a participant in the Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association—College Retirement Equity Fund (TIAA-CREF), which is a defined contribution plan. TIAA-CREF does not segregate the assets, liabilities, or costs by participating employer, since the accounts are maintained on an employee-basis only. Total retirement benefit expense was approximately \$5,148,000 and \$4,965,000 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Accrued retirement benefit costs are funded on a current basis.

In addition to providing retirement benefits, the University provides certain health care insurance benefits for retired employees. Substantially all of the University's employees who were hired prior to September 15, 1994, may become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the University or have elected to take early retirement under voluntary early retirement agreements. Employees hired after September 15, 1994, may elect to participate in the health care plans while bearing the full cost of premiums. The plan is contributory with retiree contributions adjusted annually, and contains other cost-sharing features, such as deductibles and coinsurance. The University's policy is to fund the cost of medical benefits in amounts determined at the discretion of management.

NOTE 10 RETIREMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

The following table sets forth the plan's benefit obligation, fair value of plan assets, components of net periodic benefit cost, and weighted average actuarial assumptions as of June 30, 2024 and 2023:

		2024		2023
Change in Benefit Obligation: Benefit Obligation - Beginning of Period Service Cost Interest Cost Actuarial Gain (Loss) Benefits Paid Benefit Obligation - End of Period	\$	10,350,499 47,070 465,155 (543,939) (1,076,354)	\$	10,487,413 55,691 447,178 444,209 (1,083,992) 10,350,499
Benefit Obligation - End of Feriod	Ψ_	9,242,431	_Φ_	10,330,499
		2024		2023
Change in Fair Value of Plan Assets: Fair Value of Plan Assets - Beginning of Period Contributions Benefits Paid	\$	1,076,354 (1,076,354)	\$	- 1,083,992 (1,083,992)
Fair Value of Plan Assets - End of Period	\$		<u>\$</u>	
		2024		2023
Components of Net Periodic Benefit Cost: Service Cost Interest Cost Amortization of (Gain) Loss	\$	47,070 465,155 (221,532)	\$	55,691 447,178 (179,849)
Net Periodic Benefit Cost	\$	290,693	\$	323,020
		2024		2023
Actuarial Assumptions:		5.05.0/		4.07.0/
Discount Rate Healthcare Cost Present Trend Rate		5.25 % 7.40 %		4.87 % 7.00 %
Healthcare Cost Ultimate Trend Rate (Year of Stabilization)	3	.70% (2076)	3.	.70% (2075)

Mortality assumptions: Pri-2012 Total Dataset Mortality Tables (Employee and Retiree tables) with MP-2021 generational projection from the 2012 base year for 2024 and 2023.

NOTE 10 RETIREMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Assumed health care cost trend rates have a significant effect on the amounts reported for the postretirement health care plan. A one-percentage-point change in assumed health care cost trend rates would have the following effects:

As of June 30, 2024	1% Increase		_1%	1% Decrease		
Effect on Total of Service and Interest Cost	\$	41,319	\$	(35,704)		
Effect on Postretirement Benefit Obligations		770,774		(667,198)		
As of June 30, 2023						
Effect on Total of Service and Interest Cost	\$	44,848	\$	(38,544)		
Effect on Postretirement Benefit Obligations		840,259		(723,773)		

Cash Contributions, Benefit Payments, and Asset Allocation

The University's postretirement benefits are unfunded, therefore cash contributions for postretirement benefits are equal to the current year benefit payments.

The following table details the expected cash contributions and benefit payments for the years ended June 30, 2025 through 2034:

Year Ending June 30,	 Amount	
2025	\$ 893,556	
2026	837,646	
2027	821,643	
2028	775,298	
2029	778,369	
2030 through 2034	3,427,821	

All benefit payments for other postretirement benefits are voluntary, as the postretirement plans are not funded, and are not subject to any minimum regulatory funding requirements. The University's postretirement plan had no plan assets as of June 30, 2024 and 2023. Benefit payments for each year represent claims paid for medical expenses, and the University anticipates the 2025 postretirement benefit payments will be made from cash generated from operations.

NOTE 11 ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATIONS

The University records an asset retirement obligation (ARO) for legal obligations related to the retirement of long-lived physical assets. The University estimates its ARO liabilities based upon a third-party estimate of the amount and timing of the future cash spending to perform the required work. Spending estimates are escalated for inflation and discounted at a credit-adjusted, risk-free rate. The University then records an ARO asset associated with the liability. The ARO assets are depreciated over their expected lives, and the ARO liabilities are accreted to the projected spending date. Changes in estimates could occur due to plan revisions, changes in estimated costs, or changes in timing of the performance of removal activities.

NOTE 11 ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

The University follows ASC 410-20, Asset Retirement and Environmental Obligations. ASC 410-20 clarifies that the term refers to a legal obligation to perform an asset retirement activity in which the timing and/or method of settlement are conditional on a future event that may or may not be within the control of the entity. Accordingly, the University is required to recognize a liability for the fair value of a conditional ARO if the fair value of the liability can be reasonably estimated. Uncertainty about the timing or method of settlement of a conditional ARO is factored into the measurement of the liability when sufficient information exists.

The change in the balance of the total ARO liability which is recorded in "Other Liabilities" in the consolidated statements of financial position is summarized as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	2024	2023
Beginning Balance	\$ 1,272,643	\$ 1,349,027
Accretion	56,362	59,447
Change in Assumptions	 (122,391)	(135,831)
Ending Balance	\$ 1,206,614	\$ 1,272,643

The ARO liability represents the University's legal obligation to remove asbestos in an environmentally acceptable manner from certain buildings on campus.

NOTE 12 EXPENSES BY FUNCTIONAL AND NATURAL CLASSIFICATION

Expenses are presented in the consolidated statements of activities by functional classification in alignment with the overall mission of the University. The University's primary program services are comprised of instruction, research, public service, academic support, student services, institutional support, and auxiliary enterprises. Expenses reported as student services and auxiliary enterprises are incurred in support of primary activities.

Natural expenses attributable to more than one functional expense category are allocated using reasonable cost allocation techniques. The University allocates operation and maintenance of plant, depreciation, amortization, and asset retirement obligation expense based on proportional expenditures using estimates of building square footage. The University allocates interest expense to the functional categories which have benefited from the associated debt.

NOTE 12 EXPENSES BY FUNCTIONAL AND NATURAL CLASSIFICATION (CONTINUED)

Expenses by functional and natural classification for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

				Ye	ar En	ded June 30, 2	2024					
		struction and		Ot. Last				A 11				
Natural Classification		Academic Support		Student Services		nstitutional Support		Auxiliary Enterprises		Other		Total
Salaries and Wages	<u> </u>	45,406,273	\$	11,358,218	\$	8,369,248	\$	492.767	\$	7,448,734	\$	
Employee Benefits	Ψ	17,053,322	Ψ	4,150,069	Ψ	-	Ψ	715,366	Ψ	1,942,550	Ψ	23,861,307
Non-Personnel Operating		,000,022		.,.00,000				. 10,000		.,0.12,000		20,00.,00.
Expenses		9,873,462		12,941,675		6,935,533		6,469,403		9,081,131		45,301,204
Allocations:		5,210,10=		,,		0,000,000		5,122,122		0,000,000		,,
Depreciation, Amortization,												
ARO Expense		4,443,425		2,882,387		718,799		3,185,519		109,344		11,339,474
Interest Expense		606,112		29,212		25,896		451,513		162,326		1,275,059
Operations and Maintenance		3,902,370		2,526,653		532,371		2,697,115		82,735		9,741,244
Total Operating				,,					_		_	-, ,
Expenses	\$	81,284,964	\$	33,888,214	\$	16,581,847	\$	14,011,683	\$	18,826,820	\$	164,593,528
				Y	'ear E	Ended June 202	23					
	In	struction and										
		Academic		Student	ı	nstitutional		Auxiliary				
Natural Classification		Support		Services		Support		Enterprises		Other		Total
Salaries and Wages	\$	45,058,262	\$	10,814,474	\$	8,884,776	\$	588,726	\$	6,528,201	\$	71,874,439
Employee Benefits		16,910,675		3,965,142		612,704		774,937		1,399,793		23,663,251
Non-Personnel Operating												
Expenses		9,697,862		11,861,848		6,667,177		7,191,038		8,780,523		44,198,448
Allocations:												
Depreciation, Amortization,												
ARO Expense		4,316,048		2,769,514		679,102		3,050,391		105,562		10,920,617
Interest Expense		622,721		31,537		29,239		480,332		162,331		1,326,160
Operations and Maintenance		3,998,764		2,560,944		539,596		2,733,720		83,858		9,916,882
Total Operating												
Expenses	\$	80,604,332	\$	32,003,459	\$	17,412,594	\$	14,819,144	\$	17,060,268	\$	161,899,797

Expenses are categorized on a functional expenses basis as follows:

Instruction and academic support includes expenses for all activities that are part of an institution's instruction program. Expenses for credit and noncredit courses; academic, vocational, and technical instruction; remedial and tutorial instruction; and regular, special, and extension sessions are included. It also includes expenses incurred to provide support services for the institution's primary programs of instruction.

Student services are considered programmatic and include activities that, as their primary purpose, contribute to students' emotional and physical well-being and intellectual, cultural, and social development outside the context of the formal instruction program.

Institutional support includes centralized expenses incurred to provide support services for the institution's primary mission and program functions. This classification includes the University's governing board, executive management, fiscal operations, information technology services, and activities concerned with community and alumni relations, including development and fundraising.

NOTE 12 EXPENSES BY FUNCTIONAL AND NATURAL CLASSIFICATION (CONTINUED)

Auxiliary enterprises support the furnishing of goods or services to students, faculty, staff, other institutional departments, or incidentally to the general public, and charges a fee directly related to, although not necessarily equal to, the cost of the goods or services. These activities are managed to operate as a self-supporting activity and include expenses relating to the operation of the institution's auxiliary activities such as housing, food service, parking, and so forth.

The Other classification is made up of the functional classifications of Research and Public Service. The research classification includes all expenses for activities specifically organized to produce research, whether commissioned by an agency external to the institution or separately managed by an organizational unit within the institution. The public service classification includes expenses for activities established primarily to provide noninstructional services for the benefit of individuals and groups that are external to the institution.

NOTE 13 COMPOSITE SCORE

The composite score is prepared pursuant to Appendix B of 34 CFR Part 668 – Subpart L, Ratio Methodology for Private Non-Profit Institutions. The University prepares the calculation based on the audited financials for the year ended June 30, 2024. The composite score calculated reflects the overall relative financial health of institutions along a scale from negative 1.0 to positive 3.0. The composite score for the year ended June 30, 2024 is as follows:

Calculating the 0		Ratio		
Primary Reserve Ratio = Expendable N Total Expenses and Losses Without Donor Restrictions		001,888 065,465	0.8845	
Equity Ratio = Modified Net Assets/ Modified Assets		136,921 173,026	0.8545	
Net Income Ratio = Change in Net Asso Donor Restrictions/Total Revenue and Without Donor Restrictions		644,414 709,879	0.0498	
		Strength		Composite
Ratio	Ratio	Factor	Weight	Score
Primary Reserve Ratio	0.8845	3.0000	40%	1.2000
Equity Ratio	0.8545	3.0000	40%	1.2000
Net Income Ratio	0.0498	3.0000	20%	0.6000
Total				3.0000
Total Composite Score - Rounded				3.0

NOTE 13 COMPOSITE SCORE (CONTINUED)

See below for additional disclosures deemed necessary to calculate certain ratios for determining sufficient financial responsibility under Title IV.

	perty, Plant, and Equipment, net		
3	Pre-implementation property, plant, and equipment, net		
	a. Ending balance of pre-implementation as of June 30, 2023	\$	173,345,014
	b. Reclassify capital lease assets previously included in PPE, net prior to the		
	implementation of ASU 2016-02 leases standard		-
	c. Less subsequent depreciation and disposals (net of accumulated depreciation)		(8,725,983)
	d. Balance pre-implementation property, plant, and equipment, net		164,619,031
4	Debt financed post-implementation property, plant, and equipment, net		
	Long-lived assets acquired with debt subsequent to June 30, 2019:		
	a. Equipment		345,332
	b. Land improvements		-
	c. Building		6,180,856
	d. Total property, plant, and equipment, net acquired with debt exceeding 12 months		6,526,188
5	Construction in progress - acquired subsequent to June 30, 2019		9,873,020
6	Post-implementation property, plant, and equipment, net, acquired without debt:		
	a. Long-lived assets acquired without use of debt subsequent to June 30, 2019		43,131,067
7	Total Property, Plant, and Equipment, net - June 30, 2024	\$	224,149,306
Deb	ot to be excluded from expendable net assets		
	Pre-implementation debt:		
	a. Ending balance of pre-implementation as of June 30, 2023	\$	42,067,352
	b. Reclassify capital leases previously included in long-term debt prior to the	,	, ,
	implementation of ASU 2016-02 leases standard.		-
	c. Less subsequent debt repayments		(2,491,497)
	d. Balance Pre-implementation Debt	-	39,575,855
_	·		,,
9	Allowable post-implementation debt used for capitalized long-lived assets:		500 704
	a. Equipment - all capitalized		592,761
	b. Land improvements		-
	c. Buildings	-	6,881,270
	d. Balance Post-implementation Debt		7,474,031
	Construction in progress (CIP) financed with debt or line of credit		-
11	Long-term debt not for the purchase of property, plant, and equipment		
	or liability greater than assets value		235,895
	Total Long Term Debt - June 30, 2024	\$	47,285,781
	secured related-party receivables		
	Secured related-party receivables	\$	-
	Unsecured related party receivables		16,015,061
21	Total secured and unsecured related-party receivables	\$	16,015,061

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

DRAKE UNIVERSITY SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE – FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY COMPOSITE SCORES JUNE 30, 2024

	Primary Reserve Ratio:		
	•	Expendable Net Assets:	
1	Statement of Financial		
	Position (SFP)	Net Assets without Donor Restrictions	\$ 229,931,823
2	SFP	Net Assets with Donor Restrictions	291,520,159
3	Note 9	Net Assets Restricted in Perpetuity	191,023,340
4	Note 13	Unsecured Related-Party Receivable	16,015,061
5	Note 9	Donor Restricted Annuities, Term Endowments, Life Income Funds	566,466
6	Note 13 Line 3d	Property, Plant, and Equipment Pre-Implementation	164,619,031
7	Note 13 Line 4d	Property, Plant, and Equipment Post-Implementation with Outstanding	
		Debt for Original Purchase	6,526,188
8	Note 13 Line 5	Construction in Progress	9,873,020
9	Note 13 Line 35	Post-Implementation Property, Plant, and Equipment, Net, Acquired	-,,-
		without Debt	43,131,067
10	N/A	Lease Right-of-Use Asset, Pre-Implementation (Grandfather	,,
	. 47.	of Leases Option not Chosen)	_
11	SFP	Lease Right-of-Use Asset, Post-Implementation	541,203
12	N/A	Intangible Assets	011,200
13	SFP	Post-Employment and Pension Liabilities	9,242,431
14	Note 13 Line 8d	Long-Term Debt - for Long-Term Purposes Pre-Implementation	39,575,855
15	Note 13 Line 9d	Long-Term Debt - for Long-Term Purposes Pre-Implementation Long-Term Debt - for Long-Term Purposes Post-Implementation	7,474,031
16	Note 13 Line 10		7,474,031
		Line of Credit for Construction In Progress	-
17	N/A	Pre-Implementation Right-of-Use Asset Liability	-
18	SFP	Post-Implementation Right-of-Use Asset Liability	552,965
		Total European Auditoria	
40	2:	Total Expenses And Losses:	
18	Statement of	T. (15	404 500 500
	Activities (SOA)	Total Expenses (Operating and Nonoperating) without Donor Restrictions	164,593,528
19	SOA	Nonservice Component of Pension/Postemployment (Nonoperating)	0.40.000
		Cost, (if Loss)	243,623
20	SOA	Sale of Fixed Assets (if Loss)	228,313
21	N/A	Change in Value of Interest-Rate Swap Agreements (if Loss)	-
	Equity Potion		
	Equity Ratio:	Modified Not Accets	
		Modified Net Assets:	\$ 220 024 822
22	SFP	Net Assets without Donor Restrictions	\$ 229,931,823
22 23	SFP SFP	Net Assets without Donor Restrictions Net Assets with Donor Restrictions	\$ 229,931,823 291,520,159
22 23 24	SFP SFP N/A	Net Assets without Donor Restrictions Net Assets with Donor Restrictions Intangible Assets	\$ 291,520,159
22 23	SFP SFP	Net Assets without Donor Restrictions Net Assets with Donor Restrictions	\$
22 23 24	SFP SFP N/A	Net Assets without Donor Restrictions Net Assets with Donor Restrictions Intangible Assets Unsecured Related-Party Receivables	\$ 291,520,159
22 23 24 25	SFP SFP N/A Note 13	Net Assets without Donor Restrictions Net Assets with Donor Restrictions Intangible Assets Unsecured Related-Party Receivables Modified Assets:	\$ 291,520,159
22 23 24 25	SFP SFP N/A Note 13	Net Assets without Donor Restrictions Net Assets with Donor Restrictions Intangible Assets Unsecured Related-Party Receivables Modified Assets: Total Assets	\$ 291,520,159
22 23 24 25 26 27	SFP SFP N/A Note 13	Net Assets without Donor Restrictions Net Assets with Donor Restrictions Intangible Assets Unsecured Related-Party Receivables Modified Assets: Total Assets Lease Right-of-Use Asset Pre-Implementation	\$ 291,520,159
22 23 24 25 26 27 28	SFP N/A Note 13 SFP N/A N/A	Net Assets without Donor Restrictions Net Assets with Donor Restrictions Intangible Assets Unsecured Related-Party Receivables Modified Assets: Total Assets Lease Right-of-Use Asset Pre-Implementation Intangible Assets	\$ 291,520,159 - 16,015,061 607,488,087 - -
22 23 24 25 26 27	SFP SFP N/A Note 13	Net Assets without Donor Restrictions Net Assets with Donor Restrictions Intangible Assets Unsecured Related-Party Receivables Modified Assets: Total Assets Lease Right-of-Use Asset Pre-Implementation	\$ 291,520,159
22 23 24 25 26 27 28	SFP SFP N/A Note 13 SFP N/A N/A Note 13	Net Assets without Donor Restrictions Net Assets with Donor Restrictions Intangible Assets Unsecured Related-Party Receivables Modified Assets: Total Assets Lease Right-of-Use Asset Pre-Implementation Intangible Assets	\$ 291,520,159 - 16,015,061 607,488,087 - -
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	SFP SFP N/A Note 13 SFP N/A N/A N/A Note 13 Net Income Ratio:	Net Assets without Donor Restrictions Net Assets with Donor Restrictions Intangible Assets Unsecured Related-Party Receivables Modified Assets: Total Assets Lease Right-of-Use Asset Pre-Implementation Intangible Assets Unsecured Related-Party Receivables	291,520,159 - 16,015,061 607,488,087 - 16,015,061
22 23 24 25 26 27 28	SFP SFP N/A Note 13 SFP N/A N/A Note 13	Net Assets without Donor Restrictions Net Assets with Donor Restrictions Intangible Assets Unsecured Related-Party Receivables Modified Assets: Total Assets Lease Right-of-Use Asset Pre-Implementation Intangible Assets	\$ 291,520,159 - 16,015,061 607,488,087 - -
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	SFP SFP N/A Note 13 SFP N/A N/A N/A Note 13 Net Income Ratio:	Net Assets without Donor Restrictions Net Assets with Donor Restrictions Intangible Assets Unsecured Related-Party Receivables Modified Assets: Total Assets Lease Right-of-Use Asset Pre-Implementation Intangible Assets Unsecured Related-Party Receivables Change in Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions	291,520,159 - 16,015,061 607,488,087 - 16,015,061
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	SFP SFP N/A Note 13 SFP N/A N/A N/A Note 13 Net Income Ratio: SOA	Net Assets without Donor Restrictions Net Assets with Donor Restrictions Intangible Assets Unsecured Related-Party Receivables Modified Assets: Total Assets Lease Right-of-Use Asset Pre-Implementation Intangible Assets Unsecured Related-Party Receivables Change in Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions Total Revenues and Gains:	291,520,159
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	SFP SFP N/A Note 13 SFP N/A N/A N/A Note 13 Net Income Ratio: SOA	Net Assets without Donor Restrictions Net Assets with Donor Restrictions Intangible Assets Unsecured Related-Party Receivables Modified Assets: Total Assets Lease Right-of-Use Asset Pre-Implementation Intangible Assets Unsecured Related-Party Receivables Change in Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions Total Revenues and Gains: Total Operating Revenue (Including Net Assets Released from Restrictions)	291,520,159 - 16,015,061 607,488,087 - 16,015,061
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	SFP SFP N/A Note 13 SFP N/A N/A N/A Note 13 Net Income Ratio: SOA	Net Assets without Donor Restrictions Net Assets with Donor Restrictions Intangible Assets Unsecured Related-Party Receivables Modified Assets: Total Assets Lease Right-of-Use Asset Pre-Implementation Intangible Assets Unsecured Related-Party Receivables Change in Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions Total Revenues and Gains: Total Operating Revenue (Including Net Assets Released from Restrictions) Investments Gain, Net (Aggregate Operating and Nonoperating	291,520,159
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	SFP SFP N/A Note 13 SFP N/A N/A N/A Note 13 Net Income Ratio: SOA	Net Assets without Donor Restrictions Net Assets with Donor Restrictions Intangible Assets Unsecured Related-Party Receivables Modified Assets: Total Assets Lease Right-of-Use Asset Pre-Implementation Intangible Assets Unsecured Related-Party Receivables Change in Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions Total Revenues and Gains: Total Operating Revenue (Including Net Assets Released from Restrictions) Investments Gain, Net (Aggregate Operating and Nonoperating Interest, Dividends, Realized and Unrealized Gains)	291,520,159
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	SFP SFP N/A Note 13 SFP N/A N/A N/A Note 13 Net Income Ratio: SOA SOA SOA	Net Assets without Donor Restrictions Net Assets with Donor Restrictions Intangible Assets Unsecured Related-Party Receivables Modified Assets: Total Assets Lease Right-of-Use Asset Pre-Implementation Intangible Assets Unsecured Related-Party Receivables Change in Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions Total Revenues and Gains: Total Operating Revenue (Including Net Assets Released from Restrictions) Investments Gain, Net (Aggregate Operating and Nonoperating Interest, Dividends, Realized and Unrealized Gains) Nonservice Component of Pension/Postemployment (Nonoperating)	291,520,159 16,015,061 607,488,087 - 16,015,061 8,644,415 155,925,677 10,615,563
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	SFP SFP N/A Note 13 SFP N/A N/A N/A Note 13 Net Income Ratio: SOA SOA SOA	Net Assets without Donor Restrictions Net Assets with Donor Restrictions Intangible Assets Unsecured Related-Party Receivables Modified Assets: Total Assets Lease Right-of-Use Asset Pre-Implementation Intangible Assets Unsecured Related-Party Receivables Change in Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions Total Revenues and Gains: Total Operating Revenue (Including Net Assets Released from Restrictions) Investments Gain, Net (Aggregate Operating and Nonoperating Interest, Dividends, Realized and Unrealized Gains) Nonservice Component of Pension/Postemployment (Nonoperating) Cost (if Gain)	291,520,159
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	SFP SFP N/A Note 13 SFP N/A N/A Note 13 Net Income Ratio: SOA SOA SOA N/A	Net Assets without Donor Restrictions Net Assets with Donor Restrictions Intangible Assets Unsecured Related-Party Receivables Modified Assets: Total Assets Lease Right-of-Use Asset Pre-Implementation Intangible Assets Unsecured Related-Party Receivables Change in Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions Total Revenues and Gains: Total Operating Revenue (Including Net Assets Released from Restrictions) Investments Gain, Net (Aggregate Operating and Nonoperating Interest, Dividends, Realized and Unrealized Gains) Nonservice Component of Pension/Postemployment (Nonoperating) Cost (if Gain) Pension-Related Changes other than Net Periodic Pension Costs (if Gain)	291,520,159 16,015,061 607,488,087 - 16,015,061 8,644,415 155,925,677 10,615,563
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	SFP SFP N/A Note 13 SFP N/A N/A Note 13 Net Income Ratio: SOA SOA SOA SOA N/A N/A N/A	Net Assets without Donor Restrictions Net Assets with Donor Restrictions Intangible Assets Unsecured Related-Party Receivables Modified Assets: Total Assets Lease Right-of-Use Asset Pre-Implementation Intangible Assets Unsecured Related-Party Receivables Change in Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions Total Revenues and Gains: Total Operating Revenue (Including Net Assets Released from Restrictions) Investments Gain, Net (Aggregate Operating and Nonoperating Interest, Dividends, Realized and Unrealized Gains) Nonservice Component of Pension/Postemployment (Nonoperating) Cost (if Gain) Pension-Related Changes other than Net Periodic Pension Costs (if Gain) Change in Value of Annuity Agreement (Typically in Nonoperating)	291,520,159 16,015,061 607,488,087 - 16,015,061 8,644,415 155,925,677 10,615,563
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	SFP SFP N/A Note 13 SFP N/A N/A N/A Note 13 Net Income Ratio: SOA SOA SOA SOA N/A N/A N/A N/A	Net Assets without Donor Restrictions Net Assets with Donor Restrictions Intangible Assets Unsecured Related-Party Receivables Modified Assets: Total Assets Lease Right-of-Use Asset Pre-Implementation Intangible Assets Unsecured Related-Party Receivables Change in Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions Total Revenues and Gains: Total Operating Revenue (Including Net Assets Released from Restrictions) Investments Gain, Net (Aggregate Operating and Nonoperating Interest, Dividends, Realized and Unrealized Gains) Nonservice Component of Pension/Postemployment (Nonoperating) Cost (if Gain) Pension-Related Changes other than Net Periodic Pension Costs (if Gain) Change in Value of Interest-Rate Swap Agreements (if Gain)	291,520,159 16,015,061 607,488,087 - 16,015,061 8,644,415 155,925,677 10,615,563
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	SFP SFP N/A Note 13 SFP N/A N/A Note 13 Net Income Ratio: SOA SOA SOA SOA N/A N/A N/A	Net Assets without Donor Restrictions Net Assets with Donor Restrictions Intangible Assets Unsecured Related-Party Receivables Modified Assets: Total Assets Lease Right-of-Use Asset Pre-Implementation Intangible Assets Unsecured Related-Party Receivables Change in Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions Total Revenues and Gains: Total Operating Revenue (Including Net Assets Released from Restrictions) Investments Gain, Net (Aggregate Operating and Nonoperating Interest, Dividends, Realized and Unrealized Gains) Nonservice Component of Pension/Postemployment (Nonoperating) Cost (if Gain) Pension-Related Changes other than Net Periodic Pension Costs (if Gain) Change in Value of Annuity Agreement (Typically in Nonoperating)	291,520,159 16,015,061 607,488,087 - 16,015,061 8,644,415 155,925,677 10,615,563

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
STUDENT FINANCIAL AID ASSISTANCE CLUSTER:				
Department of Education Direct Programs				
Department of Education: Federal Pell Grant Program	84.063		\$ -	\$ 3,534,579
Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants	84.007		-	753,550
Federal Work-Study Program	84.033		-	389,453
Federal Perkins Loan Program - Beginning Balance	84.038		-	3,108,898
Federal Perkins Loan Program - Issued in 2024	84.038		-	=
Federal Direct Student Loans	84.268			39,407,254
Total Department of Education Direct Programs			-	47,193,734
Department of Health and Human Services Direct Programs				
Health Professions Student Loans - Beginning Balance	93.342		-	3,850,113
Health Professions Student Loans - Issued in 2024	93.342			751,960
Total Department of Health and Human Services Direct Programs			<u> </u>	4,602,073
Total Student Financial Assistance Cluster			-	51,795,807
RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CLUSTER:				
Department of Defense Programs				
National Aeronautics and Space Administration				
Passed through Iowa State University				
Education/NASA	43.008	GR-0022407-00801	-	20,626
Education/NASA	43.008	GR0022407-00802	-	20,730
Education/NASA	43.008	GR-0022407-00808	-	10,002
Education/NASA	43.008	154491		20,250
Total National Aeronautics and Space Administration			-	71,608
Department of Agriculture:				
Passed through University of Maryland				
Agriculture and Food Research Initiative	10.310	2021-68006-33894		48,927
Total Department of Agriculture			-	48,927

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
National Science Foundation: Mathematical and Physical Sciences	47.049	N/A	\$ -	\$ 167,657
Passed Through Georgia Tech: Biological Sciences Passed Through North Carolina: Biological Sciences	47.074 47.074	AWD-000242-G1 AWD-23113727	- 	9,841 68,638
Total National Science Foundation Office of National Drug Control Policy: Passed Through Legislative Analysis and Public Policy Association Model Acts Program Total Office of National Drug Control Policy	95.006	MAP9923C0001-00	<u>-</u>	246,136 49,355 49,355
Department of Energy: Passed Through University of Illinois Springfield: Office of Science Financial Assistance Program Total Department of Energy	81.049	00887916-J9336	<u> </u>	23,562 23,562
Department of Defense: Passed Through University of Iowa: Basic Scientific Research	12.431	S04555-01	-	11,055
Basic, Applied, and Advanced Research in Science and Engineering Total Department of Defense	12.630	FA9550-20-1-0346		1,674 12,729
Total Research and Development Cluster			-	452,317
OTHER FEDERAL ASSISTANCE: Department of Education: Rehabilitation Training Total Department of Education	84.129	N/A	<u> </u>	210,951 210,951
Department of Agriculture Passed through Iowa Department of Education: Child and Adult Care Food Program Total Department of Agriculture	10.558	CNP 47-CACFP	<u></u>	304,764 304,764

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
Department of Health and Human Services:				
Telehealth Programs	93.211	N/A	\$ 230,773	\$ 343,483
Refugee and Entrant Assistance Discretionary	93.576	N/A	-	277,447
Passed through lowa Dept of Public Health:				
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services	93.243	580PL01	-	537,735
Head Start	93.600	N/A	2,430,060	12,121,321
Total Head Start			2,660,833	13,279,986
Total Department of Health and Human Services			2,660,833	13,279,986
National Science Foundation				
Computer and Informational Science and Engineering	47.070	N/A	-	4,764
Education and Human Resources	47.076	N/A	5,145	180,500
Total National Science Foundation			5,145	185,264
U.S. Department of State:				
Passed through IREX:				
Academic Exchange - Young African Leadership Initiative	19.009	FY22-YALI-BE-DRAKE-07	-	131,478
Academic Exchange - Young African Leadership Initiative	19.009	FY23-YALI-BE-DRAKE-08	-	76,583
Passed through World Learning Inc.:				
Academic Exchange - Gateway to Panama	19.009	CBPSA20-Drake01	-	1,777
Total U.S. Department of State			-	209,838
National Endowment for the Arts:				
Promotion of the Arts Grants to Organizations and Individuals	45.024	1911976-41-23		16,823
Total National Endowment for the Arts				16,823

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures	
National Endowment for the Humanities: Passed through Iowa Arts Council:					
Promotion of the Humanities Division of Preservation and Access Total National Endowment for the Humanities	45.149	202405-12594	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 10,000 10,000	
Small Business Administration: Passed through International Rescue Committee: Community Navigator Pilot Program Total Small Business Administration	59.077	4561	_	13,356 13,356	
Homeland Security: Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters) Total Homeland Security	97.036	N/A	<u> </u>	385,578 385,578	
Total Other Federal Assistance			2,665,978	14,616,560	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 2,665,978	\$ 66,864,684	

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the University under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the University, it is not intended and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets or cash flows of the University.

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credit made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available. The Federal Emergency Management Agency's (FEMA) Public Assistance expenditures reported on the Schedule related to the March 14, 2020 COVID-19 pandemic, which was a presidentially declared disaster. The expenditures of \$385,578 were incurred in a prior year and obligated by FEMA during the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis of Presentation of Consolidated Financial Statements

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Net assets, revenue, expenses, and gains and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

NOTE 2 INDIRECT COST RATE

The University does not elect to use the de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 3 STUDENT FINANCIAL AID INSTITUTIONAL AND PROGRAM ELIGIBILITY METRICS

The Institution is in compliance with the following institutional and program eligibility requirements under the Higher Education Act of 1965 and Federal regulations under 34 CFR 668.23:

- Correspondence courses the institution offers under 34 CFR 600.7(b) and (g)
- Regular students that enroll in correspondence courses under 34 CFR 600.7(b) and
 (g)
- Institution's regular students that are incarcerated under 34 CFR 600.7(c) and (g)
- Completion rates for confined or incarcerated individuals enrolled in non-degree programs at nonprofit institutions under 34 CFR 600.7(c)(3)(ii) and (g)

NOTE 3 STUDENT FINANCIAL AID INSTITUTIONAL AND PROGRAM ELIGIBILITY METRICS (CONTINUED)

- Institution's regular students that lack a high school diploma or its equivalent under 34 CFR 600.7(d) and (g)
- Completion rates for short-term programs under 34 CFR 668.8(f) and (g)
- Placement rates for short-term programs under https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-34/subtitle-B/chapter-VI/part-668/subpart-A/section-668.8 34 CFR 668.8(e)(2)

NOTE 4 STUDENT LOANS

Loan balances outstanding at June 30, 2024, for which the University continues to have federal compliance requirements are included in the University's consolidated financial statements and as federal expenditures in the Schedule. Outstanding balances of student loans held by the University at June 30, 2024, were as follows:

	Assistance Listing Number	Loans Outstanding
Program Title:		
Federal Perkins Loan Program - Federal		
Capital Contributions	84.038	\$ 2,144,379
Health Professional Student Loans, Including		
Primary Care Loans and Loans for		
Disadvantaged Students	93.342	3,860,121
Total		\$ 6,004,500

The University is responsible only for the performance of certain administrative duties with respect to Federal Direct Student Loans (Direct Loans) and, accordingly, these loans are not included in the University's financial statements. The federal expenditures in the Schedule related to Direct Loans represent the dollar amount of loans disbursed during the year ended June 30, 2024.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Drake University Des Moines, Iowa

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the consolidated financial statements of Drake University, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as of June 30, 2024, and the related consolidated statements of activities and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 16, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the consolidated financial statements, we considered Drake University's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Drake University's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Drake University's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's consolidated financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Drake University's consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Minneapolis, Minnesota October 16, 2024



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Trustees Drake University Des Moines, Iowa

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Drake University's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Drake University's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. Drake University's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Drake University complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative* Requirements, *Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Drake University and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Drake University's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Drake University's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Drake University's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Drake University's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Drake University's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Drake University's internal control over compliance relevant to the
 audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test
 and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not
 for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Drake University's internal
 control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance, which is required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2024-001. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to this matter.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on Drake University's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our compliance audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Drake University's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2024-001 to be a significant deficiency.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on Drake University's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Drake University's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Minneapolis, Minnesota October 16, 2024

DRAKE UNIVERSITY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Section I – Summary	of Auditors'	Results	S		
Finan	cial Statements					
1.	Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified				
2.	Internal control over financial reporting:					
	Material weakness(es) identified?		yes	X	_ no	
	Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		yes	X	_ none reported	
3.	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		_yes	X	_ no	
Feder	ral Awards					
1.	Internal control over major federal programs:					
	Material weakness(es) identified?		yes	X	_ no	
	Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	X	yes		_ none reported	
2.	Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal programs:	Unmodified				
3.	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	X	yes		_ no	
Identi	ification of Major Federal Programs					
	Assistance Listing Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster				
	Various	Student Financial Assistance Cluster				
	threshold used to distinguish between A and Type B programs:	\$ <u>\$750,000</u>	<u>)</u>			
Audite	ee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X	yes		no	
Section II – Financial Statement Findings						

Our audit did not disclose any matters required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

DRAKE UNIVERSITY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Section III – Findings and Questioned Costs – Major Federal Programs

2024 – 001 National Student Loan Data System (NSLDS)

Federal Agency: Department of Education

Federal Program Title: Student Financial Assistance Cluster

Assistance Listing Number: Various

Award Period: July 1, 2023 to June 30, 2024

Type of Finding:

Significant Deficiency in Internal Control over Compliance

Other matter

Criteria or Specific Requirement: The Code of Federal Regulations, 34 CFR 685.309(b), states schools must have some arrangement to report student enrollment data to NSLDS through an enrollment roster file. The school is required to report changes in the student's enrollment status, the effective date of the status, and an anticipated completion date as well as program enrollment effective date. Changes to a students' status are required to be reported within 30 days of becoming aware of the status change, or with the next scheduled transmission of statuses if the scheduled transmission is within 60 days.

Condition: During our testing, we noted 3 out of the 40 students tested where the students' change in status was not reported in a timely manner.

Questioned Costs: None reported.

Context: During our testing, it was noted the University identified the status changes outside of their regular enrollment reporting schedule, so the reporting to NSLDS was not done timely.

Cause: For 2 of the 3 students, they were enrolled in modules, and they successfully completed module one and withdrew from future modules prior to them starting. Financial Aid correctly identified these students as Title IV withdrawals and completed the R2T4 process, but the student was not reported as a withdrawal in enrollment reporting to NSLDS. For 1 of the 3 students, the student's graduation status was reported one day late.

Effect: The University did not comply with Department of Education (ED) regulations by reporting student enrollment status changes timely.

Repeat Finding: No

Recommendation: We recommend the University reevaluate its procedures and review policies surrounding reporting status changes to NSLDS to put a process in place to ensure the student status changes are being reported timely.

Views of Responsible Officials: There is no disagreement with the audit finding.

